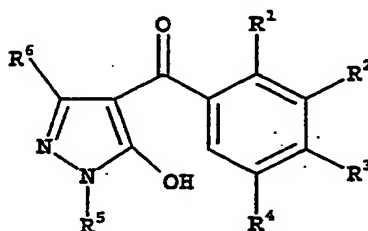


Synergistically acting herbicidal mixtures

The present invention relates to a synergistic herbicidal mixture comprising

- 5 A) at least one 3-heterocyclyl-substituted benzoyl derivative of the formula I



10 in which the variables have the following meanings:

15 R^1, R^3 are halogen, C_1-C_6 -alkyl, C_1-C_6 -haloalkyl, C_1-C_6 -alkoxy, C_1-C_6 -haloalkoxy, C_1-C_6 -alkylthio, C_1-C_6 -alkylsulfinyl or C_1-C_6 -alkylsulfonyl;

20 R^2 is a heterocyclic radical selected from the group: isoxazol-3-yl, isoxazol-4-yl, isoxazol-5-yl, 4,5-dihydroisoxazol-3-yl, 4,5-dihydroisoxazol-4-yl and 4,5-dihydroisoxazol-5-yl, it being possible for the six radicals mentioned to be unsubstituted or mono- or polysubstituted by halogen, C_1-C_4 -alkyl, C_1-C_4 -alkoxy, C_1-C_4 -haloalkyl, C_1-C_4 -haloalkoxy or C_1-C_4 -alkylthio;

25 R^4 is hydrogen, halogen or C_1-C_6 -alkyl;

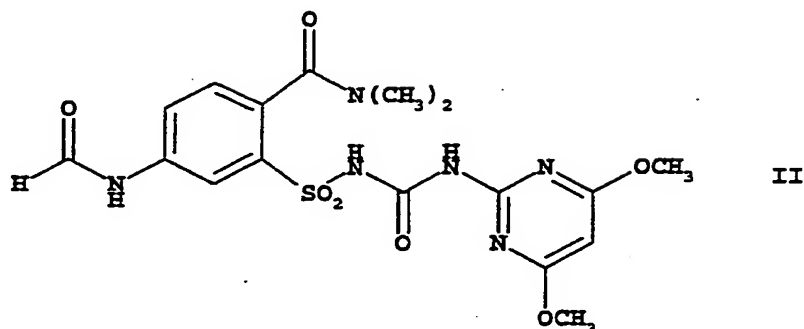
R^5 is C_1-C_6 -alkyl;

30 R^6 is hydrogen or C_1-C_6 -alkyl;

or one of its environmentally compatible salts;

and

- B) a synergistically effective amount of the compound of formula II



5

or one of its environmentally compatible salts;

and, if desired,

- 10 C) at least one herbicidal compound from the group of the acetyl-CoA carboxylase inhibitors (ACC), acetolactate synthase inhibitors (ALS), amides, auxin herbicides, auxin transport inhibitors, carotenoid biosynthesis inhibitors, enolpyruvylshikimate 3-phosphate synthase inhibitors (EPSPS);
- 15 glutamine synthetase inhibitors, lipid biosynthesis inhibitors, mitosis inhibitors, protoporphyrinogen IX oxidase inhibitors, photosynthesis inhibitors, synergists, growth substances, cell wall biosynthesis inhibitors and a variety of other herbicides;

20

and, if desired,

- D) a safening effective amount of at least one safener selected from the group of isoxadifen, mefenpyr and fenchlorazol;

25

or one of its environmentally compatible salts or esters.

The invention furthermore relates to herbicidal compositions comprising a herbicidally active amount of a synergistic

30 herbicidal mixture as defined above and at least one liquid and/or solid carrier and, if desired, at least one surfactant.

Moreover, the invention relates to processes for the preparation of these compositions and to a method of controlling undesirable vegetation.

5 In crop protection products, it is always desirable to increase the specific activity of an active ingredient and the reliability of action. It is an object of the present invention to increase the activity and/or selectivity of the herbicidally active 3-heterocyclyl-substituted benzoyl derivatives of the formula I
10 against undesirable harmful plants.

We have found that this object is achieved by the mixtures defined at the outset. We have furthermore found herbicidal compositions which comprise these mixtures, processes for their
15 preparation, and methods of controlling undesirable vegetation. In the last-mentioned cases, it is irrelevant whether the herbicidally active compounds of the components A), B) and, if desired, C) and, if desired, D) are formulated and applied jointly or separately and in which sequence they are applied in
20 the case of separate application.

The mixtures according to the invention show a synergistic effect; the compatibility of the herbicidally active compounds of components A), B) and, if desired, C) for certain crop plants is
25 generally retained.

Suitable components C are, as acetyl-CoA carboxylase inhibitors (ACC), for example, cyclohexenone oxime ethers, phenoxyphenoxy-propionic esters or arylaminopropionic acids. The acetolactate
30 synthase inhibitors (ALS) include, inter alia, imidazolinones, pyrimidyl ethers, sulfonamides or sulfonyl ureas. Relevant auxin herbicides are, inter alia, pyridine carboxylic acids, 2,4-D or benazolin. Lipid biosynthesis inhibitors which are used are, inter alia, anilides, chloroacetanilides, thioureas, benfuresate
35 or perfluidone. Suitable mitosis inhibitors are, inter alia, carbamates, dinitroanilines, pyridines, butamifos, chlorthal-dimethyl (DCPA) or maleic hydrazide. Examples of protoporphyrinogen IX oxidase inhibitors are, inter alia, diphenyl ethers, oxadiazoles, cyclic imides or pyrazoles. Suitable photosynthesis

inhibitors are, inter alia, propanil, pyridate, pyridafol, benzothiadiazinones, dinitrophenols, dipyridylenes, ureas, phenols, chloridazon, triazine, triazinone, uracils or biscarbamates. The synergists are, inter alia, oxiranes. Examples
5 of suitable growth substances are aryloxyalkanoic acids, benzoic acids or quinolinecarboxylic acids. The group "various other herbicide" is to be understood as meaning, inter alia, the classes of the active ingredients dicloropropionic acids, dihydrobenzofurans, phenylacetic acids and individual herbicides
10 mentioned below whose mechanism of action is not (fully) understood.

Other suitable components C are active compounds selected from the group of the amides, auxin transport inhibitors, carotenoic,
15 biosynthesis inhibitors, enolpyruvylshikimate 3-phosphate synthase inhibitors (EPSPS), glutamine synthetase inhibitors and cell wall synthesis inhibitors.

Examples of herbicides which can be used in combination with the
20 3-heterocyclyl-substituted benzoyl derivatives of formula I and the compound of formula II according to the present invention are, inter alia:

- C1 acetyl-CoA carboxylase inhibitors (ACC), for example
25 - cyclohexenone oxime ethers, such as alloxydim, clethodim, cloproxydim, cycloxydim, sethoxydim, tralkoxydim, butroxydim, clefoxydim or tepraloxym;
- phenoxyphenoxypropionic esters, such as clodinafop-propargyl (and, if appropriate, cloquintocet),
30 cyhalofop-butyl, diclofop-methyl, fenoxaprop-ethyl, fenoxaprop-P-ethyl, fenthiapropethyl, fluazifop-butyl, fluazifop-P-butyl, haloxyfop-ethoxyethyl, haloxyfop-methyl, haloxyfop-P-methyl, isoxapyrifop, propaquizafop, quizalofop-ethyl, quizalofop-P-ethyl or quizalofop-
35 tefuryl; or
- arylaminopropionic acids, such as flamprop-methyl or flamprop-isopropyl;

C2 acetolactate synthase inhibitors (ALS), for example

- imidazolinones, such as imazapyr, imazaquin, imazamethabenz-methyl (imazame), imazamoc, imazapic, imazethapyr or imazamethapyr;
 - pyrimidyl ethers, such as pyriithiobac-acid, pyriithiobac-sodium, bispyribac-sodium, KIH-6127 or pyribenzoxym;
 - sulfonamides, such as florasulam, flumetsulam or metosulam; or
 - sulfonylureas, such as amidosulfuron, azimsulfuron, bensulfuron-methyl, chlorimuron-ethyl, chlorsulfuron, cinosulfuron, cyclosulfamuron, ethametsulfuron-methyl, ethoxysulfuron, flazasulfuron, halosulfuron-methyl, imazosulfuron, metsulfuron-methyl, nicosulfuron, primisulfuron-methyl, prosulfuron, pyrazosulfuron-ethyl, rimsulfuron, sulfometuron-methyl, thifensulfuron-methyl, triasulfuron, tribenuron-methyl, triflusaluron-methyl, N-[[[4-methoxy-6-(trifluoromethyl)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl]amino]carbonyl]-2-(trifluoro-methyl)-benzenesulfonamide, sulfosulfuron or iodosulfuron;
- 20 C3 amides, for example
- allidochlor (CDAA), benzoylprop-ethyl, bromobutide, chlorthiamid, diphenamid, etobenzanid (benzchlomet), fluthiamide, fosamin or monalide;
- 25 C4 auxin herbicides, for example
- pyridinecarboxylic acids, such as clopyralid or picloram; or
 - 2,4-D or benazolin;
- 30 C5 auxin transport inhibitors, for example
- naptalame or diflufenzopyr;
- C6 carotenoid biosynthesis inhibitors, for example
- benzofenap, clomazone (dimethazone), diflufenican, fluorochloridone, fluridone, pyrazolynate, pyrazoxyfen, isoxaflutole, isoxachlortole, mesotrione, sulcotrione (chlormesulone), ketospiradox, flurtamone, norflurazon or amitrol;

- C7 enolpyruvylshikimate-3-phosphate synthase inhibitors (EPSPS),
for example
- glyphosate or sulfosate;
- 5 C8 glutamine synthetase inhibitors, for example
- bilanafos (bialaphos) or glufosinate-ammonium;
- C9 lipid biosynthesis inhibitors, for example
- anilides, such as anilofos or mefenacet;
- 10 - chloroacetanilides, such as dimethenamid, S-dimethen-
amid, acetochlor, alachlor, butachlor, butenachlor,
diethatyl-ethyl, dimethachlor, metazachlor, metolachlor,
S-metolachlor, pretilachlor, propachlor, prynachlor,
terbuchlor, thenylchlor or xylachlor;
- 15 - thioureas, such as butylate, cycloate, di-allate,
dimepiperate, EPTC, esprocarb, molinate, pebulate,
proposulfocarb, thiobencarb (benthiocarb), tri-allate or
vernolate; or
- benfuresate or perfluidone;
- 20 C10 mitosis inhibitors, for example
- carbamates, such as asulam, carbetamid, chlorpropham,
orbencarb, pronamid (propyzamid), propham or
tiocarbazil;
- 25 - dinitroanilines, such as benefin, butralin, dinitramin,
ethalfluralin, fluchloralin, oryzalin, pendimethalin,
prodiamine or trifluralin;
- pyridines, such as dithiopyr or thiazopyr; or
- butamifos, chlorthal-dimethyl (DCPA) or maleic
30 hydrazide;
- C11 protoporphyrinogen IX oxidase inhibitors, for example
- diphenyl ethers, such as acifluorfen, acifluorfen-
sodium, aclonifen, bifenox, chlornitrofen (CNP),
35 ethoxyfen, fluorodifen, fluoroglycofen-ethyl, fomesafen,
furyloxyfen, lactofen, nitrofen, nitrofluorfen or
oxyfluorfen;
- oxadiazoles, such as oxadiargyl or oxadiazon;

- cyclic imides, such as azafenidin, butafenacil, carfentrazone-ethyl, cinidon-ethyl, flumiclorac-pentyl, flumioxazin, flumipropyn, flupropacil, fluthiacet-methyl, sulfentrazone or thidiazimin; or
- 5 - pyrazoles, such as ET-751, JV 485 or nipyraclufen;

C12 photosynthesis inhibitors, for example

- propanil, pyridate or pyridafol;
- benzothiadiazinones, such as bentazone;
- 10 - dinitrophenols, for example bromofenoxim, dinoseb, dinoseb-acetate, dinoterb or DNOC;
- dipyridylenes, such as cyperquat-chloride, difenzoquat-methylsulfate, diquat or paraquat-dichloride;
- ureas, such as chlorbromuron, chlorotoluron,
- 15 difenoxuron, dimefuron, diuron, ethidimuron, fenuron, fluometuron, isoproturon, isouron, linuron, methabenzthiazuron, methazole, metobenzuron, metoxuron, monolinuron, neburon, siduron or tebuthiuron;
- phenols, such as bromoxynil or ioxynil;
- 20 - chloridazon;
- triazines, such as ametryn, atrazine, cyanazine, desmetryn, dimethamethryn, hexazinone, prometon, prometryn, propazine, simazine, simetryn, terbumeton, terbutryn, terbutylazine or trietazine;
- 25 - triazinones, such as metamitron or metribuzin;
- uracils, such as bromacil, lenacil or terbacil; or
- biscarbamates, such as desmedipham or phenmedipham;

C13 synergists, for example

- 30 - oxiranes, such as tridiphane;

C14 growth substances, for example

- aryloxyalkanoic acids, such as 2,4-DB, clomeprop, dichlorprop, dichlorprop-P (2,4-DP-P), fluoroxypyr,
- 35 MCPA, MCPB, mecoprop, mecoprop-P or triclopyr;
- benzoic acids, such as chloramben or dicamba; or
- quinolinecarboxylic acids, such as quinclorac or quinmerac;

C15 cell wall synthesis inhibitors, for example

- isoxaben or dichlobenil;

C16 various other herbicides, for example

- 5 - dichloropropionic acids, such as dalapon;
- dihydrobenzofurans, such as ethofumesate;
- phenylacetic acids, such as chlorfenac (fenac); or
- aziprotrryn, barban, bensulide, benzthiazuron, benzo-
10 fluor, buminafos, buthidazole, buturon, cafenstrole,
chlorbufam, chlorfenprop-methyl, chloroxuron, cin-
methylin, cumyluron, cycluron, cyprazine, cyprazole,
dibenzyluron, dipropetryn, dymron, eglinazin-ethyl,
endothall, ethiozin, flucabazone, fluorbentranyl,
15 flupoxam, isocarbamid, isopropalin, karbutilate,
mefluidide, monuron, napropamide, napropanilide,
nitralin, oxaciclomefone, phenisopham, piperophos,
procyazine, profluralin, pyributicarb, secbumeton,
sulfallate (CDEC), terbucarb, triaziflam, triazofenamid
or trimeturon;

20

or their environmentally compatible salts.

The 3-heterocyclyl-substituted benzoyl derivatives of the formula
I are disclosed in WO 96/26206, WO 97/41116, WO 97/41117 and
25 WO 97/41118, WO 98/31681.

The compound of formula II (common name foramsulfuron) is
disclosed in US 5,922,646.

30 The herbicidally active compounds from amongst groups C1 to C16
are described, for example, in

- "Herbizide [Herbicides]", Hock, Fedtke, Schmidt, 1st edition,
Thieme 1995 (s. "quinclorac" p. 238, "molinat" p. 32,
35 "butachlor" p. 32, "pretilachlor" p. 32, "dithiopyr" p. 32,
"mefenacet" p. 32, "fenoxapropethyl" p. 216, "dimepiperate"
p. 32, "pyrazolynate" p. 146, "pyrazoxyfen" p. 146,
"bensulfuronmethyl" p. 31, "pyrazosulfuron-ethyl" p. 31,
"cinosulfuron" p. 31, "benfuresate" p. 233, "bromobutide"

- p. 243, "dymron" p. 243, "dimethyametryn" p. 118, "esprocarb" p. 229, "pyributicarb" p. 32, "cinemthylin" p. 32, "propanil" p. 32, "2,4-D" p. 30, "bentazon" p. 30, "azimsulfuron (DPX-A-8947)" p. 175, "mecoprop-P" p. 237, "chlorpropham" p. 205, "ethoxyfen" p. 30, "haloxyfop-P-methyl" p. 38, "haloxyfop-ethoxyethyl" p. 38, "flumiclorac-pentyl" p. 35, "flupropacil" p. 143, "nipyraclufen" p. 145, "metosulam" p. 33, "ethamet-sulfuron-methyl" p. 36, "thifensulfuron-methyl" p. 35, "pyrithiobac acid" p. 181);
- "Agricultural Chemicals", Book II Herbicides, 1993 (s. "thiobencarb" p. 85, "benzofenap" p. 221, "napropanilid" p. 49, "piperophos" p. 102, "anilofos" p. 241, "imazosulfuron (TH-913)" p. 150, "etobenzamid (HW-52)" p. 54, "sulcotrione (ICIA-0051)" p. 268, "poast" p. 253, "focus" p. 222, "dimethenamid" p. 48, "sulfosate" p. 236, "2,4-DB" p. 10, "dichlorprop-P" p. 6, "flupoxam" p. 44, "prosulfocarb" p. 84, "quinmerac" p. 233, "metazachlor" p. 64, "flurtamone" p. 265, "bromofenoxim" p. 228, "fomesafen" p. 248, "imazamethabenz-methyl" p. 153, "clodinafop-propargyl" p. 214, "fenoxaprop-P-ethyl" p. 208, "fluazifop-P-butyl" p. 207, "quizalofop-P-ethyl" p. 210, "quizalofop-terfuryl" p. 211, "flumioxazin" p. 43, "flumipropyn" p. 267, "sulfentrazone" p. 261, "thiazopyr" p. 226, "pyrithiobac-sodium" p. 266, "flumetsulam" p. 227, "amidosulfuron" p. 151, "halosulfuron-methyl" p. 148, "rimsulfuron" p. 138, "tribenuron-methyl" p. 139, "triflusal-furon-methyl" p. 137, "primisulfuron-methyl" p. 147);
- "Agricultural Chemicals", Book II Herbicides, 13th Edition (s. "carfenstole" p. 284, "sulfosulfuron" p. 145, "ethoxy-sulfuron" p. 149, "pyribenzoxym" p. 279, "diflufenzopyr" p. 90, "ET-751" p. 278, "carfentrazone-ethyl" p. 267, "fluthiacet-methyl" p. 277, "imazapic" p. 160, "butenachlor" p. 54, "tiocarbazil" p. 84, "fluthiamide" p. 62, "isoxa-flutole" p. 283, "butoxydim" p. 259,);
- "Short Review of Herbicides & PGRs 1991, Hodogaya Chemicals (s. "furyloxyfen" p. 142, "triazofenamid" p. 268, "thenylchlorid (NSK-850)" p. 52, "cumyluron (JC-940)" p. 90,

"pendimethalin (AC-92553)" p. 58, "buthidazole" p. 88,
 "cyprazole" p. 38, "allidochlor" p. 48, "benzoylprop-ethyl"
 p. 38, "chlorthiamid" p. 150, "diphenamid" p. 34, "flamprop-
 methyl" p. 40, "fosamin" p. 232, "isoxaben" p. 42, "monalide"
 5 p. 32, "naptalam" p. 36, "pronamid" p. 34, "bialaphos" p.
 234, "glufosinate-ammonium" p. 234, "glyphosate" p. 232,
 "amitrol" p. 254, "clomeprop" p. 20, "dichlorprop" p. 6,
 "fenoprop" p. 8, "fluroxypyr" p. 156, "MCPA" p. 4, "MCPB"
 p. 8, "mecoprop" p. 6, "napropamide" p. 16, "triclopyr"
 10 p. 154, "chloramben" p. 28, "dicamba" p. 26, "clomazone" p.
 268, "diflufenican" p. 42, "fluorochloridone" p. 266,
 "fluridone" p. 156, "asulam" p. 112, "barban" p. 100,
 "butylate" p. 106, "carbetamide" p. 36, "chlorobufam" p. 100,
 "cycloate" p. 108, "desmedipham" p. 104, "di-allate" p. 106,
 15 "EPTC" p. 108, "orbencarb" p. 112, "pebulate" p. 106, "phen-
 isopham" p. 118, "phenmedipham" p. 104, "propham" p. 100,
 "sulfallate" p. 110, "terbucarb" p. 102, "tri-allate" p. 108,
 "vernolate" p. 108, "acetochlor" p. 48, "alachlor" p. 46,
 "diethathyl-ethyl" p. 48, "dimethachlor" p. 50, "metolachlor"
 20 p. 46, "propachlor" p. 44, "pyrnachlor" p. 44, "terbuchlor"
 p. 48, "xylachlor" p. 52, "alloxydim" p. 260, "clethodim" p.
 270, "cloproxydim" p. 268, "tralkoxydim" p. 270, "dalapon" p.
 212, "ethofumesate" p. 124, "benefin" p. 54, "butralin" p.
 58, "dinitramin" p. 56, "ethalfluralin" p. 60, "fluchloralin"
 25 p. 54, "isopropalin" p. 58, "nitralin" p. 58, "oryzalin"
 p. 60, "prodiamine" p. 62, "profluralin" p. 54, "trifluralin"
 p. 54, "dinoseb" p. 128, "dinoseb-acetate" p. 128, "dinoterb"
 p. 128, "DNOC" p. 126, "acifluorfen-sodium" p. 142,
 "aclonifen" p. 146, "bifenox" p. 140, "chlornitrofen" p. 138,
 30 "difenoxuron" p. 76, "fluorodifen" p. 138, "fluoroglycofen-
 ethyl" p. 146, "lactofen" p. 144, "nitrofen" p. 136,
 "nitrofluorfen" p. 140, "oxyfluorfen" p. 140, "cyperquat-
 chloride" p. 158, "difenzoquat-methylsulfate" p. 160,
 "diquat" p. 158, "paraquat-dichloride" p. 158, "benzthi-
 35 azuron" p. 82, "buturon" p. 66, "chlorbromuron" p. 72,
 "chloroxuron" p. 76, "chlorotoluron" p. 74, "cycluron" p. 84,
 "dimefuron" p. 88, "diuron" p. 70, "ethidimuron" p. 86,
 "fenuron" p. 64, "fluometuron" p. 68, "isoproturon" p. 80,
 "isouron" p. 88, "karbutilate" p. 76, "linuron" p. 72,

- "methabenzthiazuron" p. 82, "metoxuron" p. 72, "monolinuron" p. 66, "monuron" p. 64, "neburon" p. 72, "siduron" p. 68, "tebuthiuron" p. 86, "trimeturon" p. 64, "isocarbamid" p. 168, "imazamethapyr" p. 172, "imazapyr" p. 170, "imazaquin" p. 170, "imazethapyr" p. 172, "methazole" p. 162, "oxadiazon" p. 162, "tridiphane" p. 266, "bromoxynil" p. 148, "ioxynil" p. 148, "diclofop-methyl" p. 16, "fenthia-prop-ethyl" p. 20, "fluazifop-butyl" p. 18, "haloxyfop-methyl" p. 18, "isoxapyrifop" p. 22, "propaquizafop" p. 24, "quizalofop-ethyl" p. 20, "chlorfenac" p. 258, "chlorfenprop-methyl" p. 258, "chloridazon" p. 174, "maleic hydrazide" p. 162, "norflurazon" p. 174, "pyridate" p. 176, "clopyralid" p. 154, "picloram" p. 154, "chlorimuron-ethyl" p. 92, "chlorsulfuron" p. 92, "flazasulfuron" p. 96, "metsulfuron-methyl" S.92, "nicosulfuron" p. 96, "sulfometuron-methyl" p. 92, "triasulfuron" p. 94, "ametryn" p. 198, "atrazine" p. 188, "aziprotryne" p. 206, "cyanazine" p. 192, "cyprazine" p. 192, "desmetryne" p. 200, "dipropetryn" p. 202, "eglinazine-ethyl" p. 208, "hexazinone" p. 208, "procyazine" p. 192, "prometone" p. 196, "prometryn" p. 196, "propazine" p. 188, "sebumeton" p. 196, "simazine" p. 188, "simetryn" p. 196, "terbumeton" p. 204, "terbutryn" p. 198, "terbutylazine" p. 190, "trietazine" p. 188, "ethiozine" p. 210, "metamitron" p. 206, "metribuzin" p. 202, "bromacil" p. 180, "lenacil" p. 180, "terbacil" p. 180, "benazolin" p. 262, "bensulide" p. 228, "benzofluor" p. 266, "butamifos" p. 228, "DCPA" p. 28, "dichlobenil" p. 148, "endothal" p. 264, "mefluidide" p. 306, "perfluidone" p. 260, "terbuchlor" p. 48);
- 30 - "Global Herbicide Directory" First Edition, 1994 (s. "oxadiazon" p. 96);
- "European Directory of Agrochemical Products" Volume 2 - Herbicides" Fourth Edition, (s. "buminafos" p. 255).

35

Moreover, the compound "DEH-112" is disclosed in European Patent Application EP-A 302 203. The compound "tepraloxym" is described in DE-A 33 36 140; the compound "cinidon-ethyl" in DE-A 36 03 789 and the compound "fluorabentril" in EP-A 84 893. Other

compounds are known from "Brighton Crop Protection Conference - Weeds - 1993" (S. "thidiazimin" p. 29, "AC-322140" p. 41, "KIH-6127" p. 47, "prosulfuron" p. 53, "KIH-2023" p. 61, "metobenzuron" p. 67). The compound "carfenstrole (CH-900)" is mentioned
5 in EP-A 332 133, and the compound N-[[[4-methoxy-6-(trifluoromethyl)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl]amino]-carbonyl]-2-(trifluoromethylbenzenesulfonamide) is described in PCT/EP 96/03996.

The assignment of the active ingredients to the respective
10 mechanisms of action is based on current knowledge. If several mechanisms of action apply to one active ingredient, this substance was only assigned to one mode of action.

The above mentioned safeners (component D) are described, for
15 example, in "Herbizide [Herbicides]" Hock, Fedtke, Schmidt, 1st edition, Thieme 1995 ("fenchlorazol" p. 266), WO 91/07874 ("mefenpyr") and WO 95/07897 ("isoxadifen").

The 3-heterocyclyl-substituted benzoyl derivatives of the formula
20 I can exist, or be used, in the form of the pure enantiomers and .. also as racemates or diastereomer mixtures.

The 3-heterocyclyl-substituted benzoyl derivatives of the formula I and/or the compound of formula II and/or the herbicidally
25 active compounds from amoungs groups C1 to C16 and/or the safeners may also exist in the form of their environmentally .. compatible salts. Suitable salts are, in general, the salts of those cations, or the acid addition salts of those acids, whose cations, or anions, respectively, do not adversely affect the
30 herbicidal action of the active ingredients.

Suitable cations are, in particular, ions of the alkali metals, preferably lithium, sodium and potassium, of the alkaline earth metals, preferably calcium and magnesium, and of the transition
35 metals, preferably manganese, copper, zinc and iron, and also ammonium, it being possible in this case, if desired, for one to four hydrogen atoms to be replaced by C₁-C₄-alkyl, hydroxy-C₁-C₄-alkyl, C₁-C₄-alkoxy-C₁-C₄-alkyl, hydroxy-C₁-C₄-alkoxy-C₁-C₄-alkyl, phenyl or benzyl, preferably ammonium, dimethylammonium,

diisopropylammonium, tetramethylammonium, tetrabutylammonium, 2-(2-hydroxyeth-1-oxy)eth-1-yl ammonium, di(2-hydroxyeth-1-yl)ammonium, trimethylbenzylammonium, furthermore phosphonium ions, sulfonium ions, preferably tri(C₁-C₄-alkyl)sulfonium and
5 sulfoxonium ions, preferably, tri(C₁-C₄-alkyl)sulfoxonium.

Anions of suitable acid addition salts are mainly chloride, bromide, fluoride, hydrogen sulfate, sulfate, dihydrogen phosphate, hydrogen phosphate, nitrate, hydrogen carbonate,
10 carbonate, hexafluorosilicate, hexafluorophosphate, benzoate and the anions of C₁-C₄-alkanoic acids, preferably formate, acetate, propionate and butyrate.

The safeners may also exist in form of their environmentally
15 compatible esters. Suitable esters are alkyl-, alkoxyalkyl-, allyl-, propargyl- and oxetan-3-ylesters, preferably C₁-C₁₀-alkylesters, for example methyl-, ethyl-, propyl-, isopropyl-, butyl-, isobutyl-, pentyl-, hexyl- (1-ethyl-hexyl-) or isooctyl-(2-ethylhexyl-)esters, C₁-C₄-alkoxyethylesters, for example
20 methoxyethyl-, ethoxyethyl- or butoxyethylesters, allylesters, propargylesters and oxetan-3-ylesters.

As a rule the ethyl esters of isoxadifen, mefenpyr and fenchlorazol are preferred.

25

Preferred with regard to the synergistic herbicidal action of the mixtures according to the invention are those 3-heterocycl-yl-substituted benzoyl derivatives of the formula I in which the variables have the following meanings, either alone or in
30 combination:

R¹ halogen such as chlorine or bromine, C₁-C₆-alkyl such as methyl or ethyl or C₁-C₆-alkylsulfonyl such as methylsulfonyl or ethylsulfonyl;
35 especially preferably chlorine, methyl or methylsulfonyl;

R² a heterocyclic radical selected from the group: isoxazol-3-yl, isoxazol-5-yl and 4,5-dihydroisoxazol-3-yl, it being possible for the three radicals mentioned to be unsubstituted

or mono- or polysubstituted by halogen, C₁-C₄-alkyl, C₁-C₄-alkoxy, C₁-C₄-haloalkyl, C₁-C₄-haloalkoxy or C₁-C₄-alkylthio; especially preferably isoxazol-5-yl, 3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl, 4,5-dihydroisoxazol-3-yl, 5-methyl-4,5-dihydroisoxazol-yl, 5-ethyl-4,5-dihydroisoxazol-3-yl or 4,5-dimethyl-4,5-dihydroisoxazol-3-yl;

R³ halogen such as chlorine or bromine or C₁-C₆-alkylsulfonyl such as methylsulfonyl or ethylsulfonyl; especially preferably chlorine, methylsulfonyl or ethylsulfonyl;

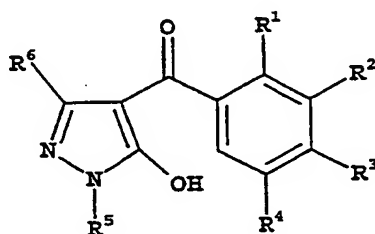
R⁴ hydrogen or methyl; especially preferably hydrogen;

R⁵ is C₁-C₆-alkyl, such as methyl, ethyl, propyl, 1-methylethyl, butyl, 1-methylpropyl or 2-methylpropyl; especially preferably methyl, ethyl or 1-methylethyl;

R⁶ hydrogen or C₁-C₆-alkyl, such as methyl or ethyl; especially preferably hydrogen or methyl.

Very particularly preferred are those 3-heterocycl-yl-substituted benzoyl derivatives of the formula Ia, in particular the compounds Ia.1 to Ia.47, which are mentioned in Table 1 which follows:

Table 1



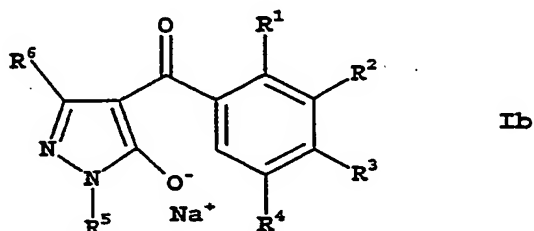
I

No.	R ¹	R ²	R ³	R ⁴	R ⁵	R ⁶
Ia.1	Cl	4,5-dihydroisoxazol-3-yl	SO ₂ CH ₃	H	CH ₃	CH ₃

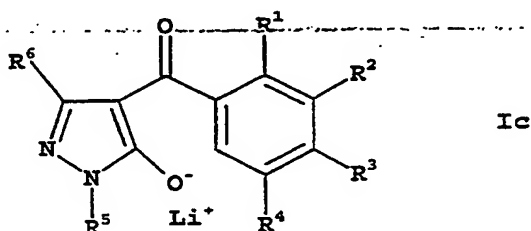
Ia.2	Cl	4,5-dihydroisoxazol-3-yl	Cl	H	CH ₃	CH ₃
Ia.3	Cl	4,5-dihydroisoxazol-3-yl	SO ₂ CH ₃	H	CH ₃	H
Ia.4	Cl	4,5-dihydro-5-methylisoxazol-3-yl	SO ₂ CH ₃	H	CH ₃	H
Ia.5	Cl	4,5-dihydro-5,5-dimethylisoxazol-3-yl	SO ₂ CH ₃	H	CH ₃	H
Ia.6	Cl	4,5-dihydro-5-ethylisoxazol-3-yl	SO ₂ CH ₃	H	CH ₃	H
Ia.7	Cl	4,5-dihydro-5,5-diethylisoxazol-3-yl	SO ₂ CH ₃	H	CH ₃	H
Ia.8	Cl	4,5-dihydro-5-chloromethylisoxazol-3-yl	SO ₂ CH ₃	H	CH ₃	H
Ia.9	Cl	4,5-dihydro-5-ethoxyisoxazol-3-yl	SO ₂ CH ₃	H	CH ₃	H
Ia.10	Cl	4,5-dihydro-5-methoxyisoxazol-3-yl	SO ₂ CH ₃	H	CH ₃	H
Ia.11	Cl	4,5-dihydro-4,5-dimethylisoxazol-3-yl	SO ₂ CH ₃	H	CH ₃	H
Ia.12	Cl	4,5-dihydro-5-thioethylisoxazol-3-yl	SO ₂ CH ₃	H	CH ₃	H
Ia.13	Cl	4,5-dihydro-5-trifluoromethylisoxazol-3-yl	SO ₂ CH ₃	H	CH ₃	H
Ia.14	Cl	4,5-dihydroisoxazol-3-yl	SO ₂ CH ₃	H	C ₂ H ₅	H
Ia.15	Cl	4,5-dihydroisoxazol-3-yl	Cl	H	C ₂ H ₅	H
Ia.16	Cl	4,5-dihydro-5-methylisoxazol-3-yl	SO ₂ CH ₃	H	C ₂ H ₅	H
Ia.17	Cl	4,5-dihydro-5,5-dimethylisoxazol-3-yl	SO ₂ CH ₃	H	C ₂ H ₅	H
Ia.18	Cl	4,5-dihydro-5-ethylisoxazol-3-yl	SO ₂ CH ₃	H	C ₂ H ₅	H
Ia.19	Cl	4,5-dihydro-5,5-diethylisoxazol-3-yl	SO ₂ CH ₃	H	C ₂ H ₅	H
Ia.20	Cl	4,5-dihydro-5-chloromethylisoxazol-3-yl	SO ₂ CH ₃	H	C ₂ H ₅	H
Ia.21	Cl	4,5-dihydroisoxazol-3-yl	SOCH ₃	H	C ₂ H ₅	H
Ia.22	Cl	4,5-dihydro-5-ethoxyisoxazol-3-yl	SO ₂ CH ₃	H	C ₂ H ₅	H
Ia.23	Cl	4,5-dihydro-4,5-dimethylisoxazol-3-yl	SO ₂ CH ₃	H	C ₂ H ₅	H
Ia.24	Cl	4,5-dihydro-5-thioethylisoxazol-3-yl	SO ₂ CH ₃	H	C ₂ H ₅	H
Ia.25	Cl	4,5-dihydro-5-trifluoromethylisoxazol-3-yl	SO ₂ CH ₃	H	C ₂ H ₅	H
Ia.26	Cl	4,5-dihydroisoxazol-3-yl	SO ₂ CH ₃	H	i-C ₄ H ₉	H
Ia.27	CH ₃	4,5-dihydroisoxazol-3-yl	SO ₂ CH ₃	H	CH ₃	CH ₃
Ia.28	CH ₃	4,5-dihydroisoxazol-3-yl	Cl	H	CH ₃	CH ₃
Ia.29	CH ₃	4,5-dihydroisoxazol-3-yl	SO ₂ CH ₃	H	CH ₃	H
Ia.30	CH ₃	4,5-dihydro-5-methylisoxazol-3-yl	SO ₂ CH ₃	H	CH ₃	H
Ia.31	CH ₃	4,5-dihydro-5,5-dimethylisoxazol-3-yl	SO ₂ CH ₃	H	CH ₃	H
Ia.32	CH ₃	4,5-dihydro-5-ethylisoxazol-3-yl	SO ₂ CH ₃	H	CH ₃	H
Ia.33	CH ₃	4,5-dihydro-5,5-diethylisoxazol-3-yl	SO ₂ CH ₃	H	CH ₃	H
Ia.34	CH ₃	4,5-dihydroisoxazol-3-yl	SO ₂ CH ₃	H	CH ₃	H
Ia.35	CH ₃	4,5-dihydro-4,5-dimethylisoxazol-3-yl	SO ₂ CH ₃	H	CH ₃	H
Ia.36	CH ₃	4,5-dihydroisoxazol-3-yl	SO ₂ CH ₃	H	C ₂ H ₅	H
Ia.37	CH ₃	4,5-dihydroisoxazol-3-yl	Cl	H	C ₂ H ₅	H
Ia.38	CH ₃	4,5-dihydro-5-methylisoxazol-3-yl	SO ₂ CH ₃	H	C ₂ H ₅	H
Ia.39	CH ₃	4,5-dihydro-5,5-dimethylisoxazol-3-yl	SO ₂ CH ₃	H	C ₂ H ₅	H
Ia.40	CH ₃	4,5-dihydro-5-ethylisoxazol-3-yl	SO ₂ CH ₃	H	C ₂ H ₅	H
Ia.41	CH ₃	4,5-dihydro-5,5-diethylisoxazol-3-yl	SO ₂ CH ₃	H	C ₂ H ₅	H

Ia.42	CH ₃	4,5-dihydro-4,5-dimethylisoxazol-3-yl	SO ₂ CH ₃	H	C ₂ H ₅	H
Ia.43	CH ₃	4,5-dihydroisoxazol-3-yl	SO ₂ CH ₃	H	i-C ₄ H ₉	H
Ia.44	Cl	3-methylisoxazol-5-yl	SO ₂ CH ₃	H	CH ₃	H
Ia.45	Cl	3-methylisoxazol-5-yl	SO ₂ CH ₃	H	C ₂ H ₅	H
Ia.46	CH ₃	3-methylisoxazol-5-yl	SO ₂ CH ₃	H	CH ₃	H
Ia.47	CH ₃	3-methylisoxazol-5-yl	SO ₂ CH ₃	H	C ₂ H ₅	H

- 5 - Also very particularly preferred are the compounds Ib, in particular the compounds Ib.1 to Ib.47, which differ from the compounds Ia.1 to Ia.47 only by the fact that they are present as the sodium salt:



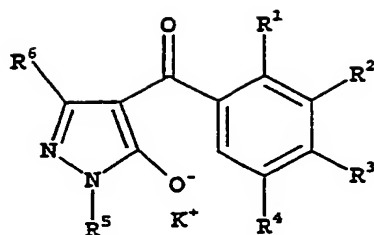
- 10 - Also very particularly preferred are the compounds Ic, in particular the compounds Ic.1 to Ic.47, which differ from the compounds Ia.1 to Ia.47 only by the fact that they are present as the lithium salt:



15

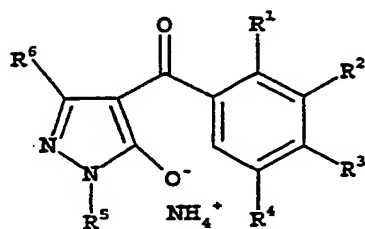
- 20 - Also very particularly preferred are the compounds Id, in particular the compounds Id.1 to Id.47, which differ from the compounds Ia.1 to Ia.47 only by the fact that they are present as the potassium salt:

17



Id

- 5 - Also very particularly preferred are the compounds Ie, in particular the compounds Ie.1 to Ie.47, which differ from the compounds Ia.1 to Ia.47 only by the fact that they are present as the ammonium salt:



Ie

- 10 - Very particularly preferred are, especially, the compounds Ia, especially the compounds Ia.1 to Ia.47.
- Very particularly preferred are, moreover, the 3-heterocycl-yl-substituted benzoyl derivatives of the formula I, where
- 15 I, where
- R⁴ is hydrogen.
- Very particularly preferred are, moreover, the 3-heterocycl-yl substituted benzoyl derivatives of the formula I where
- 20
- R² is a heterocyclic radical selected from the group: isoxazol-3-yl, isoxazol-4-yl and isoxazol-5-yl, it being possible for the three radicals mentioned to be
- 25 unsubstituted or mono- or polysubstituted by halogen, C₁-C₄-alkyl, C₁-C₄-alkoxy, C₁-C₄-haloalkyl, C₁-C₄-haloalkoxy or C₁-C₄-alkylthio.

Very particularly preferred are, especially, the 3-heterocyclyl-substituted benzoyl derivatives of the formula I, where

5 R^2 is isoxazol-3-yl which can be unsubstituted or mono- or polysubstituted by halogen, C_1 - C_4 -alkyl, C_1 - C_4 -alkoxy, C_1 - C_4 -haloalkyl, C_1 - C_4 -haloalkoxy or C_1 - C_4 -alkylthio;

R^4 is hydrogen.

10

Very particularly preferred are also, especially, the 3-heterocyclyl-substituted benzoyl derivatives of the formula I where

15

R^2 is isoxazol-5-yl, which can be unsubstituted or mono- or polysubstituted by halogen, C_1 - C_4 -alkyl, C_1 - C_4 -alkoxy, C_1 - C_4 -haloalkyl, C_1 - C_4 -haloalkoxy or C_1 - C_4 -alkylthio;

R^4 is hydrogen.

20

Most particularly preferred is 4-[2-chloro-3-(3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl)-4-methylsulfonyl-benzoyl]-1-methyl-5-hydroxy-1H-pyrazole.

25

Most particularly preferred is also 4-[2-methyl-3-(3-methyl-isoxazol-5-yl)-4-methylsulfonyl-benzoyl]-1-methyl-5-hydroxy-1H-pyrazole.

30

Very particularly preferred are, moreover, the 3-heterocyclyl-substituted benzoyl derivatives of the formula I where

35

R^2 is a heterocyclic radical selected from the group: 4,5-dihydroisoxazol-3-yl, 4,5-dihydroisoxazol-4-yl and 4,5-dihydroisoxazol-5-yl, it being possible for the three radicals mentioned to be unsubstituted or mono- or polysubstituted by halogen, C_1 - C_4 -alkyl, C_1 - C_4 -alkoxy, C_1 - C_4 -haloalkyl, C_1 - C_4 -haloalkoxy or C_1 - C_4 -alkylthio.

Very particularly preferred are, especially, the 3-heterocycl-yl-substituted benzoyl derivatives of the formula I where

5 R^2 is 4,5-dihydroisoxazol-3-yl which can be unsubstituted or mono- or polysubstituted by halogen, C_1 - C_4 -alkyl, C_1 - C_4 -alkoxy, C_1 - C_4 -haloalkyl, C_1 - C_4 -haloalkoxy or C_1 - C_4 -alkylthio;

10 R^4 is hydrogen.

Most particularly preferred are the 3-heterocycl-yl-substituted benzoyl derivatives of the formula I where

15 R^1 is halogen or C_1 - C_6 -alkyl; and

20 R^2 is 4,5-dihydroisoxazol-3-yl which can be unsubstituted or mono- or polysubstituted by halogen, C_1 - C_4 -alkyl, C_1 - C_4 -alkoxy, C_1 - C_4 -haloalkyl, C_1 - C_4 -haloalkoxy or C_1 - C_4 -alkylthio;

R^3 is C_1 - C_6 -alkylsulfonyl;

R^4 is hydrogen.

25

Most especially preferred is 4-[2-chloro-3-(4,5-dihydroisoxazol-3-yl)-4-methylsulfonylbenzoyl]-1-methyl-5-hydroxy-1H-pyrazole.

30

Most particularly preferred is also 4-[2-methyl-3-(4,5-dihydroisoxazol-3-yl)-4-methylsulfonyl-benzoyl]-1-methyl-5-hydroxy-1H-pyrazole.

35

In a further particular embodiment, the synergistic herbicidal mixture comprises, two herbicidal active compounds, a compound of formula I (component A) and the compound of formula II (component B).

For particular preferred embodiments, the respective preferences described above apply analogously.

In particular the synergistic herbicidal mixture comprises as component A 4-[2-methyl-3-(4,5-dihydroisoxazol-3-yl)-4-methylsulfonyl-benzoyl]-1-methyl-5-hydroxy-1H-pyrazole and as component B the compound of formula II.

- In a further particular embodiment, the synergistic herbicidal mixture comprises, at least three herbicidal active compounds, a compound of formula I (component A), the compound of formula II (component B) and

C) at least one herbicidal compound from the group of the acetyl-CoA carboxylase inhibitors (ACC), acetolactate synthase inhibitors (ALS), amides, auxin herbicides, auxin transport inhibitors, carotenoid biosynthesis inhibitors, enolpyruvylshikimate 3-phosphate synthase inhibitors (EPSPS), glutamine synthetase inhibitors, lipid biosynthesis inhibitors, mitosis inhibitors, protoporphyrinogen IX oxidase inhibitors, photosynthesis inhibitors, synergists, growth substances, cell wall biosynthesis inhibitors and a variety of other herbicides.

For particular preferred embodiments, the respective preferences described above apply analogously.

With a view to the synergistic herbicidal action of the mixtures comprising a component A), B) and C) according to the invention, compounds from amongst groups C1 to C14 or C16, preferably from amongst groups C2, C6 and C12, especially from amongst groups C6 and C12, are preferred as component C).

In particular, compounds from amongst the classes of active ingredients mentioned below are preferred, or the following compounds are very particularly preferred:

C1 acetyl-CoA carboxylase inhibitors (ACC):

- cyclohexenone oxime ethers, in particular cycloxydim, sethoxydim or tralkoxydim, preferably sethoxydim or tralkoxydim; or
- phenoxyphenoxypropionic esters, in particular clodinafop-propargyl (and, if appropriate, cloquintocet), fenoxaprop-ethyl or fenoxaprop-P-ethyl, preferably clodinafop-propargyl (and, if appropriate, cloquintocet) or fenoxaprop-P-ethyl;

C2 acetolactate synthase inhibitors (ALS):

- imidazolinones, in particular imazapyr, imazaquin, imazamethabenz, imazethapyr or imazamoc, preferably imazapyr;
- pyrimidyl ethers, in particular pyrithiobac sodium;
- sulfonamides, in particular florasulam, flumetsulam or metosulam, preferably metosulam; or
- sulfonylureas, in particular halosulfuron-methyl, nicosulfuron, primisulfuron-methyl, prosulfuron, rimsulfuron, thifensulfuron-methyl, tribenuron-methyl, N-[[[4-methoxy-6-(trifluoromethyl)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl]-amino]carbonyl]-2-(trifluoromethyl)-benzenesulfonamide, iodosulfuron or sulfosulfuron; especially halosulfuron-methyl, nicosulfuron, primisulfuron-methyl, prosulfuron, rimsulfuron, thifensulfuron-methyl, tribenuron-methyl, N-[[[4-methoxy-6-(trifluoromethyl)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl]-amino]carbonyl]-2-(trifluoromethyl)-benzenesulfonamide or sulfosulfuron;

C3 amides:

- fluthiamide;

C4 auxin herbicides:

- pyridinecarboxylic acids, in particular clopyralid; or
- 2,4-D;

C5 auxin transport inhibitors:

- diflufenzopyr;
- C6 carotenoid biosynthesis inhibitors:
 - isoxaflutole, mesotrione, isoxachloride,
 - 5 ketospiradox or sulcotrione (chlormesulone), in particular isoxaflutole or sulcotrione;
- C7 enolpyruvylshikimate-3-phosphate synthase inhibitors (EPSPS):
 - 10 - glyphosate or sulfosate;
- C8 glutamin synthetase inhibitors:
 - glufosinate-ammonium;
- 15 C9 lipid biosynthesis inhibitors:
 - chloroacetanilides, in particular dimethenamid, S-
 - dimethenamid, acetochlor, metolachlor or S-
 - metolachlor,
 - thioureas, in particular benthicarb;
 - 20
- C10 mitosis inhibitors:
 - dinitroanilines, in particular pendimethalin;
- C11 protoporphyrinogen IX oxidase inhibitors:
 - 25 - diphenyl ethers, in particular acifluorfen or acifluorfen-sodium;
 - oxadiazoles, in particular oxadiargyl; or
 - cyclic imides, in particular butafenacil, carfentrazone-ethyl, cinidon-ethyl or flumiclorac-
 - 30 pentyl, preferably carfentrazone-ethyl, cinidon-ethyl or flumidorac-pentyl;
 - pyrazoles, in particular JV 85;
- C12 photosynthesis inhibitors:
 - 35 - pyridate or pyridafol, in particular pyridate;
 - benzothiadiazinones, in particular bentazone;
 - dipyridylenes, in particular paraquat-dichloride;
 - ureas, in particular diuron or isoproturon, preferably diuron;

- phenols, in particular bromoxynil;
- chloridazone;
- triazines, in particular atrazine or terbutylazine;
- or
- 5 - triazinones, in particular metribuzin;

C13 synergists:

- oxiranes, in particular tridiphane;

10 C14 growth substances:

- aryloxyalkanoic acids, in particular fluoroxypyr, MCPA or mecoprop-P;
- benzoic acids, in particular dicamba; or
- quinolinecarboxylic acids, in particular quinclorac;

15

C16 various other herbicides:

- triaziflam.

20 In particular, compounds from amongst the classes of active ingredients mentioned below are preferred, or the following compounds are very particularly preferred.

C2 acetolactate synthase inhibitors (ALS):

- 25 - imidazolinones, in particular imazapyr, imazaquin, imazamethabenz, imazethapyr or imazamoc, preferably imazapyr;
- pyrimidyl ethers, in particular pyrithiobac sodium;
- sulfonamides, in particular florasulam, flumetsulam or metosulam, preferably metosulam; or
- 30 - sulfonylureas, in particular halosulfuron-methyl, nicosulfuron, primisulfuron-methyl, prosulfuron, rimsulfuron, thifensulfuron-methyl, tribenuron-methyl, N-[[[4-methoxy-6-(trifluoromethyl)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl]-amino]carbonyl]-2-(trifluoromethyl)-
- 35 benzenesulfonamide, iodosulfuron or sulfosulfuron; especially halosulfuron-methyl, nicosulfuron, primisulfuron-methyl, prosulfuron, rimsulfuron, thifensulfuron-methyl, tribenuron-methyl, N-[[[4-methoxy-6-(trifluoromethyl)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl]-amino]-

carbonyl]-2-(trifluoromethyl)-benzenesulfon-amide or sulfo-sulfuron;

C6 carotenoid biosynthesis inhibitors:

- 5 - isoxaflutole or sulcotrione, preferably isoxaflutole;

C12 photosynthesis inhibitors:

- 10 - pyridate;
 - benzothiadiazinones, in particular bentazone;
 - dipyridylenes, in particular paraquat-dichloride;
 - ureas, in particular diuron or isoproturon, preferably diuron;
 - phenols, in particular bromoxynil;
15 - chloridazon;
 - triazines, in particular atrazine or terbutylazine;
 or
 - triazinones, in particular metribuzin;

20 Preferably compounds from amongst the classes C6 and C12 as mentioned above are preferred.

25 Especially preferred are synergistic herbicidal mixtures which comprise as component A 4-[2-methyl-3-(4,5-dihydro-isoxazol-3-yl)-4-methylsulfonyl-benzoyl]-1-methyl-5-hydroxy-1H-pyrazole, as component B the compound of formula II and as component C a sulfonylurea, in particular iodosulfuron.

30 Also especially preferred are synergistic herbicidal mixtures which comprise as component A 4-[2-methyl-3-(4,5-dihydroisoxazol-3-yl)-4-methylsulfonyl-benzoyl]-1-methyl-5-hydroxy-1H-pyrazole, as component B the compound of formula II and as component C isoxaflutole.

35 Also especially preferred are synergistic herbicidal mixtures which comprise as component A 4-[2-methyl-3-(4,5-dihydro-isoxazol-3-yl)-4-methylsulfonyl-benzoyl]-1-methyl-5-hydroxy-1H-pyrazole, as component B the compound of formula II and as component C pyridate.

Also especially preferred are synergistic herbicidal mixtures which comprise as component A 4-[2-methyl-3-(4,5-dihydro-isoxazol-3-yl)-4-methylsulfonyl-benzoyl]-1-methyl-5-hydroxy-1H-pyrazole, as component B the compound of formula II and as component C a benzothiadiazinones, in particular bentazone.

Also especially preferred are synergistic herbicidal mixtures which comprise as component A 4-[2-methyl-3-(4,5-dihydro-isoxazol-3-yl)-4-methylsulfonyl-benzoyl]-1-methyl-5-hydroxy-1H-pyrazole, as component B the compound of formula II and as component C a triazine, in particular atrazine.

In a further particular embodiment, the synergistic herbicidal mixture comprises, at least two herbicidal active compounds, a compound of formula I (component A), the compound of formula II (component B) and

D) a safening effective amount of at least one safener selected from the group of isoxadifen, mefenpyr and fenchlorazol.

Especially preferred are synergistic herbicidal mixtures which comprise as component A 4-[2-methyl-3-(4,5-dihydro-isoxazol-3-yl)-4-methylsulfonyl-benzoyl]-1-methyl-5-hydroxy-1H-pyrazole, as component B the compound of formula II and as component D isoxadifen.

Also especially preferred are synergistic herbicidal mixtures which comprise as component A 4-[2-methyl-3-(4,5-dihydro-isoxazol-3-yl)-4-methylsulfonyl-benzoyl]-1-methyl-5-hydroxy-1H-pyrazole, as component B the compound of formula II and as component D mefenpyr.

Also especially preferred are synergistic herbicidal mixtures which comprise as component A 4-[2-methyl-3-(4,5-dihydro-isoxazol-3-yl)-4-methylsulfonyl-benzoyl]-1-methyl-5-hydroxy-1H-pyrazole, as component B the compound of formula II and as component D fenchlorazol.

- In a further particular embodiment, the synergistic herbicidal mixture comprises, at least three herbicidal active compounds, a compound of formula I (component A), the compound of formula II (component B) and

- 5 C) at least one herbicidal compound from the group of the acetyl-CoA carboxylase inhibitors (ACC), acetolactate synthase inhibitors (ALS), amides, auxin herbicides, auxin transport inhibitors, carotenoid biosynthesis inhibitors, enolpyruvylshikimate 3-phosphate synthase inhibitors (EPSPS), glutamine synthetase inhibitors, lipid biosynthesis inhibitors, mitosis inhibitors, protoporphyrinogen IX oxidase inhibitors, photosynthesis inhibitors, synergists, growth substances, cell wall biosynthesis inhibitors and a variety of other herbicides; and
- 10 D) a safener effective amount of at least one safener selected from the group of isoxadifen, mefenpyr and fenclorazol.
- 15
- 20

With a view to the synergistic herbicidal action of the mixtures comprising a component A), B), C) and D) according to the invention, compounds from amongst groups C1 to C14 or C16, preferably from amongst groups C2, C6 and C12, especially from amongst groups C6 and C12, are preferred as component C).

25

In particular those of the above mentioned mixtures are preferred wherein the safener is isoxadifen.

30

Also those of the above mentioned mixtures are preferred wherein the safener is mefenpyr.

35

Also those of the above mentioned mixtures are preferred wherein the safener is fenclorazol.

Especially those of the above mentioned mixtures are preferred wherein the component C) is selected from amongst the classes of active ingredients mentioned below, or the following compounds:

5

C2 acetolactate synthase inhibitors (ALS):

- imidazolinones, in particular imazapyr, imazaquin, imazamethabenz, imazethapyr or imazamoc, preferably imazapyr;
- 10 - pyrimidyl ethers, in particular pyrithiobac sodium;
- sulfonamides, in particular florasulam, flumetsulam or metosulam, preferably metosulam; or
- sulfonylureas, in particular halosulfuron-methyl, nicosulfuron, primisulfuron-methyl, prosulfuron,
- 15 rimsulfuron, thifensulfuron-methyl, tribenuron-methyl, N-[[[4-methoxy-6-(trifluoromethyl)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl]-amino]carbonyl]-2-(trifluoromethyl)-benzenesulfonamide, iodosulfuron or sulfosulfuron;

20

C6 carotenoid biosynthesis inhibitors:

- isoxaflutole or sulcotrione, preferably isoxaflutole;

C12 photosynthesis inhibitors:

25

- pyridate;
- benzothiadiazinones, in particular bentazone;
- dipyridylenes, in particular paraquat-dichloride;
- ureas, in particular diuron or isoproturon, preferably diuron;
- 30 - phenols, in particular bromoxynil;
- chloridazon;
- triazines, in particular atrazine or terbutylazine; or
- triazinones, in particular metribuzin.

35

Extraordinary preferred are synergistic herbicidal mixtures which comprise as component A 4-[2-methyl-3-(4,5-dihydro-isoxa-zol-3-yl)-4-methylsulfonyl-benzoyl]-1-methyl-5-hydroxy-1H-pyrazole, as component B the compound of formula II, as

component C a sulfonylurea, in particular halosulfuron-methyl, nicosulfuron, primisulfuron-methyl, prosulfuron, rimsulfuron, thifensulfuron-methyl, tribenuron-methyl, N-
[[[4-methoxy-6-(trifluoromethyl)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl]-amino]-
5 carbonyl]-2-(trifluoromethyl)-benzenesulfonamide, iodo-
sulfuron or sulfosulfuron, and as component D isoxadifen.

In particular extraordinary preferred are synergistic her-
bicidal mixtures which comprise as component A 4-[2-methyl-3-
10 (4,5-dihydroisoxazol-3-yl)-4-methylsulfonyl-benzoyl]-1-
methyl-5-hydroxy-1H-pyrazole, as component B the compound of
formula II, as component C iodosulfuron and as component D
isoxadifen.

Also extraordinary preferred are synergistic herbicidal
mixtures which comprise as component A 4-[2-methyl-3-(4,5-
dihydroisoxazol-3-yl)-4-methylsulfonyl-benzoyl]-1-methyl-5-
hydroxy-1H-pyrazole, as component B the compound of formula
II, as component C a sulfonylurea, in particular halosul-
20 furon-methyl, nicosulfuron, primisulfuron-methyl, prosul-
furon, rimsulfuron, thifensulfuron-methyl, tribenuron-methyl,
N-[[[4-methoxy-6-(trifluoromethyl)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl]-
amino]carbonyl]-2-(trifluoromethyl)-benzenesulfonamide,
iodosulfuron or sulfosulfuron, and as component D mefenpyr.

Also extraordinary preferred are synergistic herbicidal
mixtures which comprise as component A 4-[2-methyl-3-(4,5-
dihydroisoxazol-3-yl)-4-methylsulfonyl-benzoyl]-1-methyl-5-
hydroxy-1H-pyrazole, as component B the compound of formula
30 II, as component C a sulfonylurea, in particular halosul-
furon-methyl, nicosulfuron, primisulfuron-methyl, prosul-
furon, rimsulfuron, thifensulfuron-methyl, tribenuron-methyl,
N-[[[4-methoxy-6-(trifluoromethyl)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl]-
amino]carbonyl]-2-(trifluoromethyl)-benzenesulfonamide,
35 iodosulfuron or sulfosulfuron, and as component D
fenchlorazol.

- In a further particular embodiment, the synergistic her-
bicidal mixture comprises, at least four herbicidal active

compounds, a compound of formula I (component A), the compound of formula II (component B) and

5 C) at least two herbicidal compound from the group of the acetyl-CoA carboxylase inhibitors (ACC), acetolactate synthase inhibitors (ALS), amides, auxin herbicides, auxin transport inhibitors, carotenoid biosynthesis inhibitors, enolpyruvylshikimate 3-phosphate synthase inhibitors (EPSPS), glutamine synthetase inhibitors, 10 lipid biosynthesis inhibitors, mitosis inhibitors, protoporphyrinogen IX oxidase inhibitors, photosynthesis inhibitors, synergists, growth substances, cell wall biosynthesis inhibitors and a variety of other herbicides; and

15 D) a safener effective amount of at least one safener selected from the group of isoxadifen, mefenpyr and fenchlorazol.

20 With a view to the synergistic herbicidal action of the mixtures comprising a component A), B), C) and D) according to the invention, compounds from amongst groups C1 to C14 or C16, preferably from amongst groups C2, C6 and C12, especially from amongst groups C6 and C12 are preferred as 25 component C).

In particular those of the above mentioned mixtures are preferred wherein the safener is isoxadifen.

30 Also those of the above mentioned mixtures are preferred wherein the safener is mefenpyr.

Also those of the above mentioned mixtures are preferred wherein the safener is fenchlorazol.

35 Especially those of the above mentioned mixtures are preferred wherein the two herbicides of the component C) are selected from amongst the classes of active ingredients mentioned below, or the following compounds:

C2 acetolactate synthase inhibitors (ALS):

- imidazolinones, in particular imazapyr, imazaquin, imazamethabenz, imazethapyr or imazamoc, preferably imazapyr;
- pyrimidyl ethers, in particular pyriithiobac sodium;
- sulfonamides, in particular florasulam, flumetsulam or metosulam, preferably metosulam; or
- sulfonylureas, in particular halosulfuron-methyl, nicosulfuron, primisulfuron-methyl, prosulfuron, rimsulfuron, thifensulfuron-methyl, tribenuron-methyl, N-[[[4-methoxy-6-(trifluoromethyl)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl]-amino]carbonyl]-2-(trifluoromethyl)-benzenesulfonamide, iodosulfuron or sulfosulfuron;

C6 carotenoid biosynthesis inhibitors:

- isoxaflutole or sulcotrione, preferably isoxaflutole;

C12 photosynthesis inhibitors:

- pyridate;
- benzothiadiazinones, in particular bentazone;
- dipyridylenes, in particular paraquat-dichloride;
- ureas, in particular diuron or isoproturon, preferably diuron;
- phenols, in particular bromoxynil;
- chloridazon;
- triazines, in particular atrazine or terbutylazine; or
- triazinones, in particular metribuzin.

Extraordinary preferred are synergistic herbicidal mixtures which comprise as component A 4-[2-methyl-3-(4,5-dihydro-isoxazol-3-yl)-4-methylsulfonyl-benzoyl]-1-methyl-5-hydroxy-1H-pyrazole, as component B the compound of formula II, as component C a sulfonylurea, in particular halosulfuron-methyl, nicosulfuron, primisulfuron-methyl, prosulfuron, rimsulfuron, thifensulfuron-methyl, tribenuron-methyl, N-[[[4-methoxy-6-(trifluoromethyl)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl]-

amino]carbonyl]-2-(trifluoromethyl)-benzenesulfonamide, iodosulfuron or sulfosulfuron, and a triazine, in particular atrazine or terbutylazine, and as component D isoxadifen.

5 In particular extraordinary preferred are synergistic herbicidal mixtures which comprise as component A 4-[2-methyl-3-(4,5-dihydroisoxazol-3-yl)-4-methylsulfonyl-benzoyl]-1-methyl-5-hydroxy-1H-pyrazole, as component B the compound of formula II, as component C iodosulfuron and atrazine, and as
10 component D isoxadifen.

Also in particular extraordinary preferred are synergistic herbicidal mixtures which comprise as component A 4-[2-methyl-3-(4,5-dihydroisoxazol-3-yl)-4-methylsulfonyl-benzoyl]-1-methyl-5-hydroxy-1H-pyrazole, as component B the
15 compound of formula II, as component C iodosulfuron and pyridate, and as component D isoxadifen.

Also extraordinary preferred are synergistic herbicidal mixtures which comprise as component A 4-[2-methyl-3-(4,5-dihydroisoxazol-3-yl)-4-methylsulfonyl-benzoyl]-1-methyl-5-hydroxy-1H-pyrazole, as component B the compound of formula II, as component C a sulfonylurea, in particular halosulfuron-methyl, nicosulfuron, primisulfuron-methyl, prosulfuron, rimsulfuron, thifensulfuron-methyl, tribenuron-methyl,
20 N-[[[4-methoxy-6-(trifluoromethyl)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl]-amino]carbonyl]-2-(trifluoromethyl)-benzenesulfonamide, iodosulfuron or sulfosulfuron, and a benzothiadiazinone, in particular bentazone, and as component D isoxadifen.
25

30 In particular extraordinary preferred are synergistic herbicidal mixtures which comprise as component A 4-[2-methyl-3-(4,5-dihydroisoxazol-3-yl)-4-methylsulfonyl-benzoyl]-1-methyl-5-hydroxy-1H-pyrazole, as component B the compound of formula II, as component C iodosulfuron and bentazone, and as
35 component D isoxadifen.

Extraordinary preferred are synergistic herbicidal mixtures which comprise as component A 4-[2-methyl-3-(4,5-dihydro-

isoxazol-3-yl)-4-methylsulfonyl-benzoyl]-1-methyl-5-hydroxy-1H-pyrazole, as component B the compound of formula II, as component C a sulfonylurea, in particular halosulfuron-methyl, nicosulfuron, primisulfuron-methyl, prosulfuron, rimsulfuron, thifensulfuron-methyl, tribenuron-methyl, N-[[[4-methoxy-6-(trifluoromethyl)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl]-amino]carbonyl]-2-(trifluoromethyl)-benzenesulfonamide, iodosulfuron or sulfosulfuron, and a triazine, in particular atrazine or terbutylazine, and as component D mefenpyr.

Also extraordinary preferred are synergistic herbicidal mixtures which comprise as component A 4-[2-methyl-3-(4,5-dihydroisoxazol-3-yl)-4-methylsulfonyl-benzoyl]-1-methyl-5-hydroxy-1H-pyrazole, as component B the compound of formula II, as component C a sulfonylurea, in particular halosulfuron-methyl, nicosulfuron, primisulfuron-methyl, prosulfuron, rimsulfuron, thifensulfuron-methyl, tribenuron-methyl, N-[[[4-methoxy-6-(trifluoromethyl)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl]-amino]carbonyl]-2-(trifluoromethyl)-benzenesulfonamide, iodosulfuron or sulfosulfuron, and pyridate, and as component D mefenpyr.

Also extraordinary preferred are synergistic herbicidal mixtures which comprise as component A 4-[2-methyl-3-(4,5-dihydroisoxazol-3-yl)-4-methylsulfonyl-benzoyl]-1-methyl-5-hydroxy-1H-pyrazole, as component B the compound of formula II, as component C a sulfonylurea, in particular halosulfuron-methyl, nicosulfuron, primisulfuron-methyl, prosulfuron, rimsulfuron, thifensulfuron-methyl, tribenuron-methyl, N-[[[4-methoxy-6-(trifluoromethyl)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl]-amino]carbonyl]-2-(trifluoromethyl)-benzenesulfonamide, iodosulfuron or sulfosulfuron, and a benzothiadiazinone, in particular bentazone, and as component D mefenpyr.

Extraordinary preferred are synergistic herbicidal mixtures which comprise as component A 4-[2-methyl-3-(4,5-dihydroisoxazol-3-yl)-4-methylsulfonyl-benzoyl]-1-methyl-5-hydroxy-1H-pyrazole, as component B the compound of formula II, as component C a sulfonylurea, in particular halosulfuron-

methyl, nicosulfuron, primisulfuron-methyl, prosulfuron, rimsulfuron, thifensulfuron-methyl, tribenuron-methyl, N-
[[[4-methoxy-6-(trifluoromethyl)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl]-
amino]carbonyl]-2-(trifluoromethyl)-benzenesulfonamide,
5 iodosulfuron or sulfosulfuron, and a triazine, in particular atrazine or terbutylazine, and as component D fenchlorazol.

Also extraordinary preferred are synergistic herbicidal mixtures which comprise as component A 4-[2-methyl-3-(4,5-
10 dihydroisoxazol-3-yl)-4-methylsulfonyl-benzoyl]-1-methyl-5-hydroxy-1H-pyrazole, as component B the compound of formula II, as component C a sulfonylurea, in particular halosulfuron-methyl, nicosulfuron, primisulfuron-methyl, prosulfuron, rimsulfuron, thifensulfuron-methyl, tribenuron-methyl,
15 N-[[[4-methoxy-6-(trifluoromethyl)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl]-amino]carbonyl]-2-(trifluoromethyl)-benzenesulfonamide, iodosulfuron or sulfosulfuron, and pyridate, and as component D fenchlorazol.

Also extraordinary preferred are synergistic herbicidal mixtures which comprise as component A 4-[2-methyl-3-(4,5-
20 dihydrois-oxazol-3-yl)-4-methylsulfonyl-benzoyl]-1-methyl-5-hydroxy-1H-pyrazole, as component B the compound of formula II, as component C a sulfonylurea, in particular halosulfuron-methyl, nicosulfuron, primisulfuron-methyl, prosulfuron, rimsulfuron, thifensulfuron-methyl, tribenuron-methyl,
25 N-[[[4-methoxy-6-(trifluoromethyl)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl]-amino]carbonyl]-2-(trifluoromethyl)-benzenesulfonamide, iodosulfuron or sulfosulfuron, and a benzothiadiazinone, in
30 particular bentazone, and as component D fenchlorazol.

The present invention also extends to herbicidal compositions which comprise a herbicidally active amount of a synergistic herbicidal mixture (comprising components A), B) and, if desired,
35 C) and, if desired, D) as described above), at least one liquid and/or solid carrier and, if desired, at least one surfactant.

The herbicidal compositions and synergistic herbicidal mixtures according to the invention can effect very good control of broad-

leaved weeds and grass weeds in crops such as maize, cereals, rice and soya without damaging the crop plants, an effect observed especially even at low rates of application.

- 5 Taking into consideration the variety of application method in question, the herbicidal compositions and synergistic herbicidal mixtures according to the invention can additionally be employed in a further number of crop plants for eliminating undesirable plants. Examples of suitable crops are the following:
- 10 *Allium cepa*, *Ananas comosus*, *Arachis hypogaea*, *Asparagus officinalis*, *Beta vulgaris* ssp. *altissima*, *Beta vulgaris* ssp. *rapa*, *Brassica napus* var. *napus*, *Brassica napus* var. *napobrassica*, *Brassica rapa* var. *silvestris*, *Camellia sinensis*, *Carthamus tinctorius*, *Carya illinoensis*, *Citrus limon*, *Citrus*
- 15 *sinensis*, *Coffea arabica* (*Coffea canephora*, *Coffea liberica*), *Cucumis sativus*, *Cynodon dactylon*, *Daucus carota*, *Elaeis guineensis*, *Fragaria vesca*, *Glycine max*, *Gossypium hirsutum*, (*Gossypium arboreum*, *Gossypium herbaceum*, *Gossypium vitifolium*), *Helianthus annuus*, *Hevea brasiliensis*, *Hordeum vulgare*, *Humulus*
- 20 *lupulus*, *Ipomoea batatas*, *Juglans regia*, *Lens culinaris*, *Linum usitatissimum*, *Lycopersicon lycopersicum*, *Malus* spp., *Manihot esculenta*, *Medicago sativa*, *Musa* spp., *Nicotiana tabacum* (*N. rustica*), *Olea europaea*, *Oryza sativa*, *Phaseolus lunatus*, *Phaseolus vulgaris*, *Picea abies*, *Pinus* spp., *Pisum sativum*,
- 25 *Prunus avium*, *Prunus persica*, *Pyrus communis*, *Ribes sylvestre*, *Ricinus communis*, *Saccharum officinarum*, *Secale cereale*, *Solanum tuberosum*, *Sorghum bicolor* (s. *vulgare*), *Theobroma cacao*, *Trifolium pratense*, *Triticum aestivum*, *Triticum durum*, *Vicia faba*, *Vitis vinifera* und *Zea mays*.

30

Moreover, the herbicidal compositions and synergistic herbicidal mixtures according to the invention can also be used in crops which tolerate the action of herbicides due to breeding, including genetic engineering methods.

35

The mixtures according to the invention, or the herbicidal compositions comprising them, can be employed, for example, in the form of directly sprayable aqueous solutions, powders, suspensions, also highly-concentrated aqueous, oily or other

suspensions or dispersions, emulsions, oil dispersions, pastes, dusts, materials for spreading or granules, by means of spraying, atomizing, dusting, spreading or pouring.

- 5 The use forms depend on the intended purposes; in any case, they should guarantee the finest possible distribution of the active ingredients according to the invention.

Suitable inert auxiliaries are mineral oil fractions of medium to
10 high boiling point such as kerosene and diesel oil, furthermore coal tar oils and oils of vegetable or animal origin, aliphatic, cyclic and aromatic hydrocarbons, e.g. paraffins, tetrahydronaphthalene, alkylated naphthalenes and their derivatives, alkylated benzenes and their derivatives, alcohols
15 such as methanol, ethanol, propanol, butanol and cyclohexanol, ketones such as cyclohexanone, strongly polar solvents, such as N-methylpyrrolidone and water.

Aqueous use forms can be prepared from emulsion concentrates,
20 suspensions, pastes, wettable powders or water-dispersible granules by adding water. To prepare emulsions, pastes or oil dispersions, the substances, as such or dissolved in an oil or solvent, can be homogenized in water by means of wetting agent, tackifier, dispersant or emulsifier. However, it is also possible
25 to prepare concentrates composed of active substance, wetting agent, tackifier, dispersant or emulsifier and, if appropriate, solvent or oil, and these concentrates are suitable for dilution with water.

30 Suitable surfactants are the alkali metal, alkaline earth metal and ammonium salts of aromatic sulfonic acids, e.g. ligno-, phenol-, naphthalene- and dibutyl-naphthalenesulfonic acid, and of fatty acids, of alkyl- and alkylaryl sulfonates, of alkyl sulfates, lauryl ether sulfates and fatty alcohol sulfates, and
35 salts of sulfated hexa-, hepta- and octadecanols, and of fatty alcohol glycol ether, condensates of sulfonated naphthalene and its derivatives with formaldehyde, condensates of naphthalene, or of the naphthalenesulfonic acids, with phenol and formaldehyde, polyoxyethylene octylphenyl ether, ethoxylated isooctyl-, octyl-

or nonylphenol, alkylphenyl and tributylphenyl polyglycol ether, alkylaryl polyether alcohols, isotridecyl alcohol, fatty alcohol/ethylene oxide condensates, ethoxylated castor oil, polyoxyethylene alkyl ethers or polyoxypropylene alkyl ethers, 5 lauryl alcohol polyglycol ether acetate, sorbitol esters, lignin-sulfite waste liquors or methylcellulose.

Powders, materials for spreading and dusts can be prepared by mixing or concomitantly grinding the synergistic herbicidal 10 mixture or the individual active ingredients with a solid carrier.

Granules, e.g. coated granules, impregnated granules and homogeneous granules, can be prepared by binding the active 15 ingredients to solid carriers. Solid carriers are mineral earths such as silicas, silica gels, silicates, talc, kaolin, limestone, lime, chalk, bole, loess, clay, dolomite, diatomaceous earth, calcium sulfate, magnesium sulfate, magnesium oxide, ground synthetic material, fertilizers such as ammonium sulfate, 20 ammonium phosphate, ammonium nitrate, ureas and products of vegetable origin such as cereal meal, tree bark meal, wood meal and nutshell meal, cellulose powders or other solid carriers.

The concentrations of the mixtures according to the invention in 25 the ready-to-use products can be varied within wide ranges. In general, the formulations comprise from 0.01 to 95% by weight, preferably 0.5 to 90% by weight, of the mixture according to the invention.

30 The components A) and B) and, if desired, C) and, if desired, D) can be formulated jointly, but also separately, and/or applied to the plants, their environment and/or seeds jointly or separately. It is preferable to apply the active ingredients simultaneously. However, it is also possible to apply them separately.

35 Moreover, it may be advantageous to apply the herbicidal compositions and synergistic herbicidal mixtures according to the invention, jointly or separately, with additional other crop protection agents, for example with pesticides or agents for

controlling phytopathogenic fungi or bacteria. Also of interest is the miscibility with mineral salt solutions which are employed for treating nutritional and trace element deficiencies. Non-phytotoxic oils and oil concentrates can also be added.

5

The mixtures according to the invention and the herbicidal compositions can be applied pre- or post-emergence. If the active ingredients are less well tolerated by certain crop plants, application techniques may be used in which the herbicidal compositions are sprayed, with the aid of the spray apparatus, in such a way that they come into as little contact, if any, with the leaves of the sensitive crop plants while reaching the leaves of undesirable plants which grow underneath, or the bare soil (post-directed, lay-by).

15

In the case of a post-emergence treatment of the plants, the herbicidal compositions according to the invention are preferably applied by foliar application. Application may be effected, for example, by usual spraying techniques with water as the carrier, using amounts of spray mixture of approx. 100 to 1000 l/ha. The compositions may also be applied by the so-called "low-volume" and "ultra-low-volume" methods, or in the form of so-called granules.

25 As a rule, the synergistic herbicidal mixtures comprise components A), B) and, if desired, C) and, if desired, D) in such weight ratios that the synergistic effect takes place.

The ratios of component A) and B) in the mixture preferably range from 1:0.001 to 1:500, preferably from 1:0.01 to 1:100, particularly preferably from 1:0.1 to 1:50.

The ratios of components A) and C) in the mixture preferably range from 1:0.002 to 1:800, preferably from 1:0.003 to 1:250, particularly preferably from 1:0.003 to 1:160, especially preferably from 1:0.02 to 1:250, extraordinary preferably from 1:0.02 to 1:160.

The ratios of components A) and D) in the mixture preferably range from 1:0.002 to 1:800, preferably from 1:0.003 to 1:250, particularly preferably from 1:0.02 to 1:160.

- 5 The rate of application of pure synergistic herbicidal mixture, i.e. without formulation auxiliaries, amounts to 0.2 to 5000 g/ha, preferably 2 to 2000 g/ha, in particular 8 to 1000 g/ha, of active substance (a.s.), depending on the intended aim, the season, the target plants and growth stage.

10

The rate of application of 3-heterocyclyl-substituted benzoyl derivative of the formula I is 0.1 to 250 g/ha, as a rule 5 to 250 g/ha, preferably 10 to 150 g/ha, of active substance (a.s.).

- 15 The preferred rate of application of the compound of formula II is 0.1 to 250 g/ha, as a rule 1 to 120 g/ha, preferably 10 to 100 g/ha, of active substance (a.s.)

20 The preferred application rate of the active ingredients of the optional component C are compiled in Table 2.

Table 2

Component C	Class of active ingredient	Active ingredient	Rate of application (g/ha)
C1 acetyl-CoA carboxylase inhibitors			25-400
	cyclohexenone oxime ethers		100-400
		cycloxydim	100-400
		sethoxydim	100-400
		tralkoxydim	100-400
	phenoxyphenoxypropionic esters		25-300
		clodinafop-P-propargyl ^a	25-100
		fenoxaprop-ethyl	50-300
		fenoxaprop-P-ethyl	25-150
C2 acetolactate synthase inhibitors (ALS)			0.1-800
	imidazolinones		20-800
		imazapyr	30-400
		imazaquin	50-300
		imazamethabenz	100-800
		imazethapyr	30-150
		Imazamox	20-120
	pyrimidyl ethers		2-120
		pyrithiobac-sodium	2-120
	sulfonamides		1-225
		florasulam	1-20
		flumetsulam	25-225

			metosulam	1-60
	sulfonylureas			0.1-120
			halosulfuron-methyl	5-120
			nicosulfuron	1-120
			primisulfuron-methyl	10-120
			prosulfuron	10-120
			rimsulfuron	5-120
			thifensulfuron-methyl	10-60
			tribenuron-methyl	10-60
			N-[[[4-methoxy-6-(trifluoromethyl)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl]amino]carbonyl]-2-(trifluoromethyl)benzenesulfonamide	5-120
			iodosulfuron	0.1-10
			sulfosulfuron	10-60
C3	amides			250-2000
			fluthiamide	250-2000
C4	auxin herbicides			25-750
				25-750
		pyridinecarboxylic acids		25-750
			clopyralid	25-750
		-	2,4-D	50-750
C5	auxin transport inhibitors			15-100
			diflufenzopyr	15-100
C6	carotenoid biosynthesis inhibitors			25-600
		-	isoxaflutole	25-200
		-	sulcotrione	100-600

	-	mesotrione	25-300
	-	isoxachlortole	25-200
	-	ketospiradox	25-300
C7	enolpyruvylshikimat-3-phosphate synthase inhibitors (EPSPS)		360-1080
	-	glyphosate	360-1080
	-	sulfosate	360-1080
C8	glutamine synthetase inhibitors		10-600
	-	glufosinate-ammonium	10-600
C9	lipid biosynthesis inhibitors		60-4000
	chloroacetanilides		60-4000
		dimethenamid	60-2000
		S-dimethenamid	60-2000
		acetochlor	250-4000
		metolachlor	60-4000
		S-metolachlor	60-4000
	thioureas		100-4000
		benthiocarb	1000-4000
C10	mitosis inhibitors		375-3000
	dinitroanilines		375-3000
		pendimethalin	375-3000
C11	protoporphyrinogen IX oxidase inhibitors		0.5-600
	diphenyl ethers		50-300
		acifluorfen	50-300

		acifluorfen-sodium	50-300
	oxadiazoles		50-600
		oxadiargyl	50-600
	cyclic imides		0.5-300
		carfentrazone-ethyl	0.5-35
		cinidon-ethyl	3-35
		flumiclorac-pentyl	3-35
		butafenacil	5-300
		JV 485	50-300
C12	photosynthesis inhibitors		15-4000
		pyridate	30-1500
		pyridafol	30-1000
	benzothiadiazinones		30-1440
		bentazone	30-1440
	dipyridylenes		100-800
		paraquat-dichloride	100-800
	ureas		250-1600
		diuron	250-1600
		isoproturon	250-1600
	phenols		100-700
		bromoxynil	100-700
	chloridazon		500-4000
	triazines		15-4000
		atrazine	15-4000
		terbutylazine	250-4000

	triazinone			30-300
			metribuzin	30-300
C13	synergists			500-1500
				500-1500
	oxiranes		tridiphane	500-1500
C14	growth substances			25-1200
				50-1200
	aryloxyalkanoic acids		fluoroxypyr	50-400
			MCPA	400-1200
			mecoprop-P	400-1200
				75-800
	benzoic acids			75-800
			dicamba	25-600
	quinolinecarboxylic acids			25-600
			quinclorac	50-750
C16	various other herbicides		triaziflam	

^a If appropriate, 10-50 g/ha cloquintocet may also be added.

The preferred rate of application of the safener D is 0.1 to 500 g/ha. As a rule the application rate for isoxadifen is from 0.5 to 50 g/ha, for mefenpyr from 2 to 100 g/ha and for fenchlorazol from 2 to 100 g/ha.

5

Use examples

The mixtures according to the invention were applied pre- and/or post-emergence (foliar treatment). The herbicidal compounds of component B) and, if desired, of component C) as well as the safener D) were applied in the formulation in which they are present as commercially available product(s).

The herbicidally active compounds of components A), B) and, if desired, C), and, if desired D), were applied in succession or jointly, in the latter case in some cases as a tank mix and in some cases as a readymix, in the form of emulsions, aqueous solutions or suspensions, the vehicle being water (300 - 400 l/ha). In the case of the field trials, application was effected with the aid of a mobile plot sprayer.

The test period extended over 3 to 8 weeks, and the stands were also observed at later points in time.

Damage by the herbicidal compositions was evaluated with reference to a scale of 0% to 100% in comparison with untreated control plots. 0 means no damage and 100 means complete destruction of the plants.

The following examples will demonstrate the action of the herbicidal compositions which can be used according to the invention, without excluding the possibility of other uses.

In these examples, the value E at which only an additive effect of the individual active ingredients is to be expected was calculated by the method of S. R. Colby (Calculating synergistic and antagonistic responses of herbicide combinations, Weeds 15, 20 pp (1967)).

This was done using the formula

$$E = X + Y - \frac{XY}{100}$$

where

5 X = Percentage of the herbicidal action of component A) at an application rate of a;

Y = Percentage of the herbicidal action of component B), and, if desired, C), and, if desired, D) at an application rate
10 of b, and, if desired, c, and, if desired, d;

E = expected herbicidal action of component A) + B), and, if desired C), and, if desired, D) at rates of application a + b, and, if desired, c and, if desired, d (in %).

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If the value observed exceeds the value E calculated in accordance with Colby's formula, then synergism is present.

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The herbicidal mixtures according to the invention exert a greater herbicidal action than would have been expected according to Colby on the basis of the observed effects of the individual components when used alone.

The results of the tests are shown in Tables 3 to 15 below.

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In these studies, the following plants were used:

Scientific name	Common name
Abutilon theophrasti	Velvetleaf
Amaranthus retroflexus	Pigweed
Avena fatua	Wild oat
Bidens pilosa	Hairy beggarticks
Brachiaria plantaginea	Alexandergrass
Commelina benghalensis	Bengal Commelina
Galium aparine	Catchweed
Pharbitis purpurea	Common morningglory
Polygonum persicaria	Ladysthumb

Table 3: Herbicidal action of compound Ia.29 and compound II
(post-emergence treatment; greenhouse)

	Application rate [g/ha ai]	Avena fatua	Colby Value E	Pharbitis purpurea	Colby Value E
		Damage [%]		Damage [%]	
Ia.29	3.91	50	-	70	-
Compound II	1.95	50	-	80	-
Ia.29 + Compound II	3.91 + 1.95	80	75	98	94

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Table 4: Herbicidal action of compound Ia.29 and compound II
(post-emergence treatment; greenhouse)

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	Application rate [g/ha ai]	Avena fatua	Colby Value E	Abutilon theophrasti	Colby Value E
		Damage [%]		Damage [%]	
Ia.29	1.95	25	-	40	-
Compound II	0.98	30	-	30	-
Ia.29 + Compound II	1.95 + 0.98	70	48	80	58

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Table 5: Herbicidal action of compound Ia.29, compound II and atrazine (post-emergence treatment; field)

	Application rate [g/ha ai]	Commelina benghalensis	Colby Value E
		Damage [%]	
Ia.29	7.81	40	-
Compound II + Atrazine	3.91 + 62.5	60	-
Ia.29 + Compound II + Atrazine	7.81 + 3.91 + 62.5	85	76

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Table 6: Herbicidal action of compound Ia.29, compound II and atrazine (post-emergence treatment; greenhouse)

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	Application rate [g/ha ai]	Abutilon theophrasti	Colby Value E	Amaranthus retroflexus	Colby Value E
		Damage [%]		Damage [%]	
Ia.29	3.91	80	-	60	-
Compound II + Atrazine	1.95 + 31.3	50	-	85	-
Ia.29 + Compound II + Atrazine	3.91 + 1.95 + 31.3	100	90	98	94

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Table 7: Herbicidal action of compound Ia.29, compound II and atrazine (post-emergence treatment; field)

	Application rate [g/ha ai]	Bidens pilosa	Colby Value E
		Damage [%]	
Ia.29	3.91	30	-
Compound II + Atrazine	1.95 + 31.3	50	-
Ia.29 + Compound II + Atrazine	3.91 + 1.95 + 31.3	80	65

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Table 8: Herbicidal action of compound Ia.29, compound II and atrazine (post-emergence treatment; greenhouse)

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	Application rate [g/ha ai]	Abutilon theophrasti	Colby Value E	Amaranthus retroflexus	Colby Value E
		Damage [%]		Damage [%]	
Ia.29	1.95	40	-	40	-
Compound II + Atrazine	0.98 + 15.6	25	-	60	-
Ia.29 + Compound II + Atrazine	1.95 + 0.98 + 15.6	80	65	85	76

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Table 9: Herbicidal action of compound Ia.29, compound II and bentazone (post-emergence treatment; field)

	Application rate [g/ha ai]	Pharbitis purpurea	Colby Value E
		Damage [%]	
Ia.29	3.91	70	-
Compound II + Bentazone	1.95 + 62.5	60	-
Ia.29 + Compound II + Bentazone	3.91 + 1.95 + 62.5	98	88

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Table 10: Herbicidal action of compound Ia.29, compound II and bentazone (post-emergence treatment; field)

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	Application rate [g/ha ai]	Polygonum persicaria	Colby Value E
		Damage [%]	
Ia.29	1.95	95	-
Compound II + Bentazone	0.98 + 31.3	70	-
Ia.29 + Compound II + Bentazone	1.95 + 0.98 + 31.3	100	99

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Table 11: Herbicidal action of compound Ia.29, compound II and bentazone (post-emergence treatment; greenhouse)

	Application rate [g/ha ai]	Abutilon theophrasti	Colby Value E	Galium aparine	Colby Value E
		Damage [%]		Damage [%]	
Ia.29	7.81	95	-	30	-
Compound II + Bentazone	3.91 + 125	70	-	60	-
Ia.29 + Compound II + Bentazone	7.81 + 3.91 + 125	100	99	95	72

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Table 12: Herbicidal action of compound Ia.29 and X* (post-emergence treatment; greenhouse)

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	Application rate [g/ha ai]	Abutilon theophrasti	Colby Value E	Bidens pilosa	Colby Value E
		Damage [%]		Damage [%]	
Ia.29	7.81	95	-	60	-
X	3.91	50	-	70	-
Ia.29 + X	7.81 + 3.91	100	98	95	88

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Table 13: Herbicidal action of compound 1a.29, X* and atrazine
(post-emergence treatment; field)

	Application rate [g/ha ai]	Bidens pilosa	Colby Value E
		Damage [%]	
Ia.29	7.81	60	-
X	3.91	80	-
+ Atrazine	+ 62.5		
Ia.29	7.81	100	92
+	+		
X	3.91		
+ Atrazine	+ 62.5		

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Table 14: Herbicidal action of compound 1a.29, X* and atrazine
(post-emergence treatment; greenhouse)

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	Application rate [g/ha ai]	Abutilon theophrasti	Colby Value E	Amaranthus retroflexus	Colby Value E
		Damage [%]		Damage [%]	
Ia.29	3.91	80	-	60	-
X	1.95	40	-	85	-
+ Atrazine	+ 31.3				
Ia.29	3.91	95	88	98	94
+	+				
X	1.95				
+ Atrazine	+ 31.3				

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Table 15: Herbicidal action of compound Ia.29, X* and atrazine
(post-emergence treatment; field)

	Application rate [g/ha ai]	Brachiaria plantaginea	Colby Value E
		Damage [%]	
Ia.29	3.91	80	-
X	1.95	70	-
+	+		
Atrazine	31.3		
Ia.29	3.91	100	94
+	+		
X	1.95		
+	+		
Atrazine	31.3		

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X* mixture of compound II, iodosulfuron and isoxadifen in a
weigh ratio of 30:1:30 (= MaisTer[®])